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Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy II: A Perspective on Chemical Recycling Technologies and the Impact on Catalysis

Multi-Client Study Presentation "By the Industry, for the Industry"

October 2022





Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy II: A Perspective on Chemical Recycling Technologies and the Impact on Catalysis

This TCGR multi-client study was launched in May 2022 and completed in October 2022. The study's scope, and specific contents (as depicted in the TofC on pages 10-16 of this presentation) reflect the inputs from a group of "charter" subscribers who indicated their priorities for coverage, areas to be expanded/deepened and focal points for emphasis. These are leading industrial developers, suppliers, and end-users of plastics recycling technologies.

I. INTRODUCTION

The challenge faced by plastics is not in how they are used, but in the end-of-life management of products made from plastic. In our June 2020 study, *Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy: Catalytic and Compatibilization Solutions*, TCGR assessed both emerging and commercial technologies for the chemical recycling, upcycling, and compatibilization of plastics waste. While depolymerization technologies for PET and PS are rapidly becoming the norm, the inertness of polyolefins presents challenges in chemical recycling. Choice of recycling technology is not yet well defined, leading to a proliferation of ideas from purification technologies to recover virgin polymers to partial or full depolymerization, often with the aid of catalysts and adsorbents.

Based on feedback from the industry, this new study identifies and assesses new recycling technologies and determines the impact that they will have on the catalyst industry. It addresses current state-of-art (SoA) in technology and commercial development. The study also provides a techno-economic and life-cycle analyses of the most promising recycling technologies in the late stages of development or early stages of commercialization. In this study, TCGR has:

- Defined the current status of leading technologies
- Estimated the required CAPEX and OPEX of those technologies at scale
- Quantified the impact of chemical recycling on the markets for catalysts and adsorbents
- Provided strategic direction for market players in the plastic recycling value chain

It is a "must have," industrially sourced assessment for addressing the current industry needs from olefin and resin producers, process licensors and catalyst and adsorbent suppliers from a practical perspective.



II. BACKGROUND

The need for better solutions for recycling plastics is well known. Recycling plastics has been shown to have a net positive impact on greenhouse gas emissions compared to the production of virgin plastics, and there is growing concern over the leakage of plastic waste into the environment. Furthermore, the absence of practical recycling options leads to an estimated loss of \$80 billion per year of resources when plastic items are disposed. Most recycled plastics are mechanically recycled today, but this solution is limited due to contamination by mixed plastics, limited ability to produce clear or color-matched plastic articles, and loss of mechanical properties due to thermal degradation. Interest in chemical recycling is growing, as introducing recycled plastics earlier into the supply chain, as either monomer or raw material for monomer production eliminates these issues (see Figure 1).

ENERGY GENERATION & SUPPLY Energy carrier supply GHG emissions REFINING Energy supply GHG emission: CRACKING & SYNTHESIS PROCESSES $\triangle \longrightarrow \Diamond$ PROCESSING INTO PLASTIC PRODUCTS POLYMERISATION & COMPOUNDING $\checkmark \leftarrow \Diamond$ **Chemical Recycling** FEEDSTOCK SUPPLY Mechanical Recycling **Chemical Recycling** Fossil depletion Recycling Incineration **END OF LIFE** USE

Figure 1 – Value chain of fossil-based plastics

Source: CEFIC 2020

Chemical recycling technologies need to play a key role in the creation of a circular plastics economy. Various technologies have been proposed and are in early stages of commercial development. These technologies will have varying impact on the catalyst industry, from requiring new catalysts, changes to existing catalysts due to differing operating conditions, or reducing the requirements for virgin plastics. This report aids industry participants by identifying promising recycling technologies and quantifying the impact of those on the catalysts and adsorbents required to create a circular plastics economy.



In its 2020 assessment, *Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy: Catalytic and Compatibilization Solutions*, TCGR highlighted a few emerging technologies for recycling various plastics but focused the report on very early-stage technologies. In this 2022 report, TCGR will focus on technologies for chemical recycling of polyolefins that are closer to commercial stage to examine both their technical and commercial potential. There are several paths being taken towards chemical recycling. The most advanced technology today is based on *gasification* or *pyrolysis* of plastic waste, and there are a number of projects underway, including those sponsored by SABIC, BASF, Clariant and their respective partners. Catalytic based technologies include *catalytic hydrothermal processing* (Figure 2), developed by Licella and licensed to Mura Technology. Mura Technology has announced partnerships with Dow Chemical, Mitsubishi Chemicals, and KBR to commercialize the technology.

Figure 2 – CAT-HTR™ pilot plant for catalytic hydrothermal processing of waste plastic



Source: Licella

CreaSolv® is a registered trademark of CreaCycle GmbH

Another catalytic technology that is under development is **catalytic cracking**, exemplified by the MoReTec process from LyondellBasell. LyondellBasell has opened a pilot plant in Ferrara, Italy (Figure 3) with the goal of building a world-scale commercial plant in 5 years. Not all potential solutions for chemical recycling are catalytic, though. **Solvent-based processes**, such as those proposed by CreaCycle and PureCycle have been scaled to pilot plant with larger-scale (50,000+mt/yr) facilities planned or already under construction. These processes (see Figure 4) use



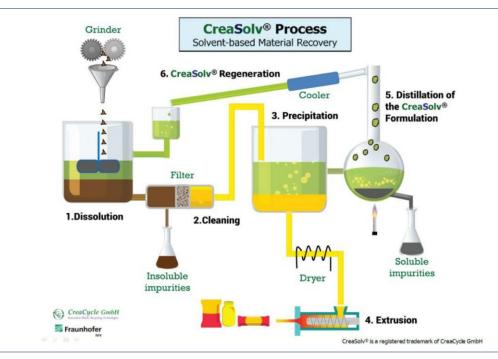
solvents to dissolve polymers so that additives and other contaminants can be removed before precipitating near-virgin polymer.

Figure 3 – MoReTec pilot plant for catalytic cracking of plastics



Source: LyondellBasell

Figure 4 – Schematic of Fraunhofer's CreaSolv process



Source: CreaCycle



While these recent developments are impressive, questions remain as to the effects these processes will have on catalysts and adsorbents used in these processes, how to further process the output from chemical recycling processes in refineries in order to regenerate monomers, and what materials and processes are needed to purify mixed plastics streams for chemical recycling.

To meet the needs of the catalyst industry and those companies willing to enter the plastics recycling value chain, a comprehensive analysis is required to better inform decision makers of the costs, benefits, and trade-offs imposed by various recycling technologies. In this assessment, *Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy II: A Perspective on Chemical Recycling Technologies and the Impact on Catalysis*, TCGR analyzes processes for recycling plastics, their environmental impact, and the impact that these processes are having on the market for catalysts and adsorbents. By examining the recycling of plastics from collection to sorting to current chemical recycling technologies, TCGR is able to assess the costs and define the gaps in the current processes. By analyzing the limits of current processes, especially mechanical recycling, TCGR is able to define the potential of chemical recycling for polyolefins and thus the impact of these technologies on catalysts and adsorbents.

By taking an economic view of chemical recycling processes as well as through a life-cycle analysis, the suitability of various approaches towards recycling plastics are gauged for meeting the requirements for a circular plastics economy. TCGR defines the following:

- The current status of each chemical recycling technology
- The potential for scaling these processes to the quantities necessary for market players to meet their commitments on using recycled plastics
- The hurdles for greater adoption of those technologies
- The future prospects of the leading technologies as well as those which are currently emerging
- Impacts of these processes on the catalyst and adsorbents technologies and markets

By doing so, TCGR allows readers to be better informed when making their own choices as to how to participate in a circular plastics economy.

TCGR's independent assessment combined with our "by the industry, for the industry" approach makes this study a needed complement to the readers' own internal evaluations.

III. THE NEED FOR THE STUDY

Due to increasing environmental drivers, the need for such a study has never been timelier. Major plastics producers have voluntarily committed to significant reductions in plastic landfill and the reduction of waste plastics finding their way into our oceans, while extended producer responsibility schemes are gaining traction. New methods of recycling are needed due to tightening emissions and



CO₂ regulations. Furthermore, producers and suppliers of monomers need to be aware of the likely timing and size of the impacts of adoption of chemical recycling on raw or virgin supply.

The benefits of aggregating the multiple technologies into one study creates an opportunity to extract and determine which pathway is the most beneficial given the local circumstances, providing value to chemical (olefins and other monomers) producers and suppliers of polyolefins.

Critical topics this study addresses include:

- State of the Art in polyolefin recycling technology
- Economic analysis of advanced recycling technologies
- Life-Cycle Analyses of advanced recycling technologies
- Needs for catalysts and adsorbents in order to enable chemical recycling
- Critical requirements and remaining hurdles for adoption of chemical recycling

Subscribers will benefit from TCGR's deep industrial knowledge, having been producing technoeconomic assessments of polyolefin manufacturing and insights into the polyolefin market for nearly 40 years. This study also complements other recent studies produced by TCGR, demonstrating TCGR's unique capabilities and insight in the polyolefins industry. Recent studies include:

- Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy: Catalytic and Compatibilization Solutions (completed in June 2020)
- Advances in Catalysis for Plastic Conversion to Hydrocarbons (completed in July 2021 for members of TCGR's Catalytic Advances Program)
- Progress in Technology for Polyolefins Production III (completed in December 2020)
- Polyolefin (PO) Catalysts and Processes: Competitive Implications of Industry Consolidation (completed in July 2018)

As is the case in all TCGR multi-client studies, this is a highly client-centric approach. Charter subscribers were essential in submitting their most pressing questions, thus making this a document that reflects the needs of the industry.



V. QUALIFICATIONS

The Catalyst Group Resources, a member of The Catalyst Group, works with clients to develop sustainable competitive advantage in technology-driven industries such as chemicals, refining, petrochemicals, polymers, specialty/fine chemicals, biotechnology, pharmaceuticals, and environmental protection. We provide concrete proven solutions based on our understanding of how technology impacts business.

Using our in-depth knowledge of molecular structures, process systems, and commercial applications, we offer a unique combination of business solutions and technology skills through a range of client-focused services. Often working as a member of our clients' planning teams, we combine our knowledge of cutting-edge technology with commercial expertise to:

- Define the business and commercial impacts of leading-edge technologies
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The client-confidential assignments conducted by The Catalyst Group include projects in:

- Reinventing R&D pipelines
 - Technology acquisition
- Technology alliances
- Market strategy

We have built our consulting practice on long-term client relationships, dedication, and integrity. Our philosophy is clear and focused:

We Provide the "Catalysts" for Business Growth by Linking Technology and Leading-Edge Business Practices to Market Opportunities



VI. DELIVERABLES AND PRICING

This report is timely and strategically important to those industry participants and observers both monitoring and investing in the development and implementation of technologies for plastics recycling. TCGR's report, based on technology evaluations, commercial/market assessments and interviews with key players goes beyond public domain information. As a result, subscribers are requested to complete and sign the "Order Form and Secrecy Agreement" on the following page.

The study, "Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy II: A Perspective on Chemical Recycling Technologies and the Impact on Catalysis," was launched in May 2022 and completed in October 2022.

Post-production subscribers

after publication

\$25,000

Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy II: A Perspective on Chemical Recycling Technologies and the Impact on Catalysis (to be delivered in PDF).

Notice to Subscribers of TCGR's 2020 report *Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy:*Catalytic and Compatibilization Solutions:

Due to the complementary nature of this study to TCGR's previous report in this area, namely Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy: Catalytic and Compatibilization Solutions completed in June 2020, TCGR is offering a discount of \$1,000 off Plastics Recycling and the Circular Economy II: A Perspective on Chemical Recycling Technologies and the Impact on Catalysis to subscribers of that study. Subscribers are requested to contact Steve Deutsch at +1 215.628.4447 or sdeutsch@catalystgrp.com if further details are required or to determine if your organization is entitled. When completing the order form, please make sure to indicate your company's subscription to the earlier report.



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CONTENTS

SEC	TION I. INTRODUCTION	1
A.	BACKGROUND	1
B.	SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES	3
C.	STUDY TEAM	4
D.	ABBREVIATIONS	4
E.	REFERENCES	5
SEC	TION II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	7
A.	PLASTICS RECYCLING STATE OF THE ART	7
B.	TECHNO-ECONOMIC ANALYSES AND LIFE-CYCLE ANALYSES OF LEADING TECHNOLOGIES FOR POLYOLEFIN RECYCLING	8
C.	THE IMPACT OF PLASTIC RECYCLING ON CATALYSTS AND ADSORBENT	S 9
D.	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
E.	REFERENCES	12
SEC	TION III. PLASTICS RECYCLING STATE OF THE ART	13
A.	PLASTIC WASTE RECYCLING OPTIONS	13
B.	MECHANICAL RECYCLING AND ITS LIMITATIONS	
1	1. Reduced Mechanical Properties and Processability and its Causes	13
	a. Processing Conditions	14
	b. Waste Contamination	14
	c. Incorrect Sorting	14
	d. Different Plastics of the Same Plastic Number	15
C.	SORTING OF PLASTICS FOR RECYCLING	15
1	New Plastic Sorting Techniques	17
D.	STATE-OF-THE-ART IN CHEMICAL RECYCLING	17
1	1. Chemical Recycling of Polyolefins	19
	a. Polyolefins in Municipal Plastic Waste	19
	b. Chemical Recycling Techniques Suitable for Polyolefins	19
	i. Thermal and Catalytic Pyrolysis for Polyolefins	20
	ii. Hydrocracking	24
	iii. Alkane Metathesis	28

	iv.	Gasification	28
	v.	Depolymerization	29
	c. (Capturing Value in Chemically Recycled Polyolefins	30
	i.	Plastic-to-intermediates	30
	ii.	Plastic waste into fuels	31
	iii.	Plastic waste into monomers	31
	iv.	Plastic waste into chemicals (upcycling)	31
2	2. Ch	emical Recycling for Mixed Plastics	33
E.		ANCES IN THE UPCYCLING AND CHEMICAL RECYCLING OF YOLEFINS	36
F.	СНА	LLENGES IN MECHANICAL AND CHEMICAL RECYCLING EFFORTS	38
G.	CON	CLUSIONS	40
H.	REF	ERENCES	40
		IV. TECHNO-ECONOMIC ANALYSES AND LIFE-CYCLE ANALYSES	45
		NG TECHNOLOGIES FOR POLYOLEFIN RECYCLING HNO-ECONOMIC ANALYSES	
J		sification through Production of Olefins	
		Process Description and PIDs	
		CAPEX and OPEX, with Assumptions	
		Issues, Strengths/Weaknesses	
		Summary	
2		drothermal Processing (e.g., Licella, Mura)	
2	_	Commercial Status	
		Process Description	
		Process Economics	
		Summary	
2		/PP Dissolution (e.g., CreaSolv, PureCycle)	
J		Commercial Status	
		Process Description	
/		Summary	
4		ermal Pyrolysis (e.g., SABIC/Plastic Energy) through Production of Olefins	<i>5</i> 0

b. Process Descriptions and PIDs	59
i. HDPE Refinery	60
ii. Korean/Saudi Refinery	60
c. CAPEX and OPEX, with Assumptions	61
d. Issues, Strengths/Weaknesses	63
e. Summary	63
5. Catalytic Pyrolysis/Catalytic Cracking through Production of Olefins	64
a. Commercial Status	64
b. Process Description and PIDs	65
i. Anellotech's Plas-TCat	65
ii. LyondellBasell MoReTec	67
iii. Honeywell UOP	68
c. CAPEX and OPEX, with Assumptions	69
d. Issues, Strengths/Weaknesses	70
e. Summary	71
6. Summary and Conclusions – TEAs	71
a. Feedstock Collection, Preparation and Cost	71
b. Technical Considerations	72
c. CAPEX and OPEX	72
d. Development and Directions	72
B. LIFE CYCLE ANALYSES	73
1. The Environmental Problem and Opportunity of Plastic Wastes	73
2. How to Assess What Waste-disposal or Recycling Process is Best?	75
3. Which Processes are Best?	76
4. Waste-focused Environmental Assessments	78
a. Pyrolysis	78
b. Other	80
5. Fuel- and Product-focused Environmental Assessments	80
6. Summary and Conclusions – LCAs	83
C. REFERENCES	85
D. APPENDIX	89
SECTION V. THE IMPACT OF PLASTIC RECYCLING ON CATALYSTS AND	105
ADSORBENTS	105

 Catalyst I 	Needs	105
2. Effect of	Chemical Recycling on the Market for Catalysts	107
	NG OF PYROLYSIS OILS VIA CATALYTIC CRACKING AND	108
	of the Refinery	
	l Refineries Adapt?	
	ocessing and Hydrocracking Catalysts	
	TION OF PYROLYSIS OILS AND PROCESSED RECYCLATE	
1. Adsorber	nt Needs	111
2. Effect on	Adsorbent Markets	112
D. SUBSTITU	TION OF POLYMERIZATION CATALYSTS DUE TO RECYCLING	3113
E. REFERENC	CES	113
	ONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
A. LEADING	COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL STRATEGIES	115
B. REMAININ	NG HURDLES	116
	IC RECOMMENDATIONS	
D. REFERENC	CES	119
	FIGURES	
Figure I-A-1	Number of patent families related to chemical recycling of polymer over the past twenty years	
Figure III-C-1	DKR plastic fractions	16
Figure III-D-1	Comparison of mechanical and chemical recycling techniques for plastic waste recycling	18
Figure III-D-2	Total plastic municipal solid waste generated in the United States in 2018, by resin (in 1,000 tons)	19
Figure III-D-3	Scheme of the pilot plant of the Hamburg process for the pyrolysis waste polyolefins of 30kg plastics/hour in a fluidized bed reactor	
Figure III-D-4	Two stage liquefaction technique	25
Figure III-D-5	Distribution of naphtha fraction (380 °C, 180 mL/min (H ₂), and 40 bar) obtained by hydrocracking of heavy wax using different acid support	26
Figure III-D-6	Process flow diagram, open-loop process: naphtha-wax	
Figure III-D-7	Polyolefin packaging value chain in the case of closed-loop and open-loop recycling	

Figure III-D-8	Scheme of the main steps occurring in plastic gasification	29
Figure III-D-9	Process flow drawing: Waste plastic disposal by material and energy recovery through pyrolysis	33
Figure III-D-10	Internally circulating fluidized bed gasification	35
Figure III-E-1	Effects of the polymer structure on the gas yield of their gasification in the presence of MS5A and Ni/Al ₂ O ₃	37
Figure IV-A-1	Operating parameters to consider for gasification source	46
Figure IV-A-2	Schematic illustration of different types of gasifiers	48
Figure IV-A-3	Process flow diagram for hydrothermal liquefaction from Mura Technology	51
Figure IV-A-4	Effect of residence time on product distribution of HTL of polypropylene	53
Figure IV-A-5	Effect of temperature on product distribution with a two-hour reaction time	54
Figure IV-A-6	General flowsheet for first steps in purifying and recovering polypropylene	56
Figure IV-A-7	General flowsheet for final steps in purifying and recovering polypropylene	56
Figure IV-A-8	Pyrolysis in HDPE Refinery	60
Figure IV-A-9	Korean/Saudi fuels refinery	61
Figure IV-A-10	Bio-TCat uses industrial fluid bed reactor technology for large scale production	65
Figure IV-A-11	Plas-TCat process	66
Figure IV-A-12	Plast-TCat experimental data development	66
Figure IV-A-13	Advancing sustainable solutions with MoReTec	68
Figure IV-B-1	Comparison of CO ₂ emissions of 1t of virgin plastics with three end-of-life options	80
Figure IV-B-2	Product and waste perspective: environmental impacts of producing mixed commodity plastics and their end-of-life treatment via chemical and mechanical recycling and energy recovery	
Figure IV-B-3	Product and waste perspective: influence of different parameters on the climate change impact of producing mixed commodity plastics and their end-of-life treatment via chemical recycling in comparison with mechanical recycling and energy recovery	83
Figure V-C-1	Reticulated ceramic foam filter	. 112
Figure VI-B-1	Central plant capacity is limited based on feedstock collection costs	.116

Figure VI-C-I	Analysis of activities in catalytic plastic processing, by type of catalyst, type of plastic, and type of process. The size of the circle correlates with the number of patents and papers	119
	TABLES	
Table II-C-1	Catalyst Demand by Plastic Recycling Process: 2025, 2030 (mt; \$)	9
Table II-C-2	Adsorbent Demand by Plastic Recycling Process: 2025, 2030 (mt; \$)	10
Table III-D-1	The Degradation Temperature Range of Different Polyolefins from TGA Analysis	20
Table III-D-2	Pyrolysis of PP in a Fluidized Bed Reactor without and with AlCl ₃ , TiCl ₃ , or TiCl ₄ as Catalysts, Products in wt%	24
Table III-D-3	Example of Product Compositions from Two Different Companies	31
Table IV-A-1	Critical Operating Parameters for Gasification Unit	46
Table IV-A-2	Commercial Gasification of Plastic and Municipal Solid Waste	47
Table IV-A-3	Survey of CAPEX Contributors	49
Table IV-A-4	OPEX Contributors	49
Table IV-A-5	Product Distribution of Syncrude Coming from HTL of Post-consum Waste Percentages are Given as Weight Percent	
Table IV-A-6	Economics: HTL Process	55
Table IV-A-7	Economics: Dissolution Process	57
Table IV-A-8	Commercial Design Yields	61
Table IV-A-9	Historical CAPEX and OPEX Analyses	62
Table IV-A-10	Product of Catalytic Pyrolysis of Various Materials with ZSM-5 Catalyst in Drop Tube Experiments	67
Table IV-A-11	Comparison of Product Slate Thermal vs. Catalytic Pyrolysis	70
Table IV-B-1	Chemical-recycling Process Types Covered in Environmental Assessments	73
Table IV-B-2	Methods and Shares of Plastic Waste Disposal	74
Table IV-B-3	Which Processes Are Best? Study of Studies' Findings	77
Table IV-B-4	Waste-focused Pyrolysis Studies: Comparison of Footprints	79
Table IV-B-5	Product/Fuel Focused Studies: Comparison of Footprints	81
Table IV-B-6	Findings (and Caveats) of Chemical Recycling's Environmental Assessments	85
Table IV-D-1	(Appendix) Environmental Assessments of Polyolefin Chemical Recycling	89

Table IV-D-2	(Appendix) Assessments of Pyrolysis, Waste Focus	92
Table IV-D-3	(Appendix) Assessments of Pyrolysis, Product/Fuel Focus	98
Table V-A-1	Allowable Limits of Metals in Plastics Under Various European Regulations	107
Table V-A-2	Catalyst Demand by Plastic Recycling Process: 2025, 2030 (mt; \$)	108
Table V-B-1	Characteristics of Commercially Available Pyrolysis Oils	109
Table V-C-1	Adsorbent Demand by Plastic Recycling Process: 2025, 2030 (mt; \$)	113